

PENDING GOVERNOR APPROVAL



Rossall

INSPIRING EXCELLENCE

DATA PROTECTION POLICY

SLT Lead: Bursar (ES)	Date Reviewed: Michaelmas 2021
Circulation: F&GP, Council, SLT and Common Room	Next Review: Michaelmas 2023
Ratified by Council:	Date:

ROSSALL SCHOOL

DATA PROTECTION POLICY

Objectives

Rossall School (which includes Rossall Foundation and the Old Rossallian Club) known as the School, aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and the provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018).

Scope

This Policy is made available to all interested parties. This Policy applies to all members of the School community, including those in its EYFS setting and it should be read in conjunction with the School Privacy Notice and with reference to the related policies set out at the end of this Policy.

This Policy sets out the School's expectations and procedures with respect to processing any personal data we collect from data subjects (e.g. including parents, pupils and employees).

Background

Data Protection is an important legal compliance issue for Rossall School. During the course of the School's activities it collects, stores and processes personal data (sometimes sensitive in nature) about staff, pupils, their parents, its contractors and other third parties (in a manner more fully detailed in the School's Privacy Notice).

The School, as "data controller", is liable for the actions of its staff and governors in how they handle data. It is therefore an area where all staff have a part to play in ensuring we comply with and are mindful of our legal obligations, whether that personal data handling is sensitive or routine.

UK data protection law consists primarily of the UK version of the General Data Protection Regulation (the GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018). The DPA 2018 includes specific provisions of relevance to independent schools: in particular, in the context of our safeguarding obligations, and regarding the right of access to personal data.

Data protection law has in recent years strengthened the rights of individuals and placed tougher compliance obligations on organisations including schools that handle personal information. The Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) is responsible for enforcing data protection law, and will typically look into individuals' complaints routinely and without cost, and has various powers to take action for breaches of the law.

Definitions

Key data protection terms used in this Policy are:

- **Data controller** – a person, body or organisation that determines the purpose and means of the processing of personal data, and who is legally responsible for how it is used. For example, the School is the controller of personal information. As a data controller, the School is responsible for safeguarding the use of personal data. An independent contractor who makes their own such decisions is also, separately, likely to be a data controller.
- **Data processor** – an organisation that processes personal data on behalf of a data controller, for example a payroll or IT provider or other supplier of services with whom personal data may be shared but who is not authorised to make any decisions about how it is used.

- **Personal data breach** – a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data.
- **Personal information (or personal data):** any information relating to a living individual (a data subject), by which that individual may be identified by the controller. That is not simply a name, but any form of identifier, digital or contextual, including unique identification number, initials, job titles or nicknames. Note that personal information will be created almost constantly in the ordinary course of work duties (such as location, email address, notes of calls, and minutes of meetings). The definition includes expressions of opinion about an individual or any indication of the School's or any person's intentions towards that individual.
- **Processing** – virtually anything done with personal information, including obtaining or collecting it, structuring it, analysing it, storing it, sharing it internally or with third parties (including making it available to be viewed electronically or otherwise), altering it or deleting it.
- **Special categories of personal data** – data relating to racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, health and medical conditions, sex life or sexual orientation, genetic or biometric data used to identify an individual. There are also separate rules for the processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences.

Application of this policy

This policy sets out the School's expectations and procedures with respect to processing any personal data we collect from data subjects (including parents, pupils, employees, contractors and third parties).

Those who handle personal data as employees, governors, trustees or volunteers of the School are obliged to comply with this policy when doing so. For employees, breaches of this policy may result in disciplinary action. Accidental breaches of the law or this policy in handling personal data will happen from time to time, for example by human error, and will not always be treated as a disciplinary issue. However, failure to report breaches that pose significant risks to the School or individuals will be considered a serious matter.

In addition, this policy represents the standard of compliance expected of those who handle the School's personal data as volunteers or contractors, whether they are acting as "data processors" on the School's behalf (in which case they will be subject to binding contractual terms) or as data controllers responsible for handling such personal data in their own right.

Where the School shares personal data with third party data controllers – which may range from other schools, to parents, to appropriate authorities, to casual workers and volunteers – each party will need a lawful basis to process that personal data, and will be expected to do so lawfully and with due regard to security and confidentiality, as set out in this policy.

If you are a volunteer, contractor or part of the Rossall Foundation or Old Rossallian Club, you will be a data controller in your own right, but the same legal regime and best practice standards set out in this policy will apply to you by law.

Responsibility for Data Protection

In accordance with the DPA 2018, the School has notified the Information Commissioner's Office of its processing activities. Rossall School is the Data Controller and the School's ICO registration number is Z9394266. Its registered address is Broadway, Fleetwood, Lancashire, FY7 8JW.

The School has appointed the Data Manager (Miss Kirstie Allen) as the Data Protection Co-ordinator who will endeavour to ensure that all personal data is processed in compliance with this Policy and the

Principles of the applicable data protection legislation. Any questions about the operation of this policy or any concerns that the policy has not been followed should be referred in the first instance to the Data Protection Co-ordinator.

Types of Personal Data Processed by the School

Personal data covers both facts and opinions about an individual. The School may process a wide range of personal data about individuals including current, past and prospective pupils and their parents. This data is covered in more detail in the School's Privacy Notice.

The School may, from time to time, need to process "sensitive personal data" regarding individuals. Sensitive personal data includes information about an individual's physical or mental health, race or ethnic origin or religious beliefs. Sensitive personal data is entitled to special protection under the Act, and will be processed by the School as permitted by the Act.

The Principles

The UK GDPR sets out six principles relating to the processing of personal data which must be adhered to by data controllers and data processors. These require that personal data must be:

1. Processed **lawfully, fairly** and in a **transparent** manner;
2. Collected for **specific and explicit purposes** and only for the purposes it was collected for;
3. **Relevant** and **limited** to what is necessary for the purposes it is processed;
4. **Accurate** and kept **up to date**;
5. **Kept for no longer than is necessary** for the purposes for which it is processed; and
6. Processed in a manner that ensures **appropriate security** of the personal data.

The UK GDPR's broader 'accountability' principle also requires that the School not only processes personal data in a fair and legal manner but that we are also able to *demonstrate* that our processing is lawful.

This involves, among other things:

- keeping records of our data processing activities, including by way of logs and policies;
- documenting significant decisions and assessments about how we use personal data (including via formal risk assessment documents called Data Protection Impact Assessments); and
- generally having an 'audit trail' vis-à-vis data protection and privacy matters, including for example when and how our Privacy Notice(s) were updated; when staff training was undertaken; how and when any data protection consents were collected from individuals; how personal data breaches were dealt with, whether or not reported (and to whom), etc.

Lawful grounds for data processing

Under the UK GDPR there are several different lawful grounds for processing personal data. One of these is consent. However, given the relatively high bar of what constitutes consent under UK GDPR (and the fact that it can be withdrawn by the data subject) it is considered preferable for the School to rely on another lawful ground where possible.

One of these alternative grounds is 'legitimate interests', which is the most flexible basis for processing. However, it does require transparency and a balancing assessment between the rights of the individual and the interests of the School. It can be challenged by data subjects and also means the

School is taking on extra responsibility for considering and protecting people's rights and interests. The School's legitimate interests are set out in its Privacy Notice, as UK GDPR requires.

Other lawful grounds include:

- compliance with a legal obligation, including in connection with employment, engagement of services and diversity;
- contractual necessity, e.g. to perform a contract with staff or parents, or the engagement of contractors;
- a narrower set of grounds for processing special categories of personal data (such as health information), which includes explicit consent, emergencies, and specific public interest grounds.

Exemptions

Certain data is exempted from the provisions of the UK GDPR/DPA 2018 which includes the following:

- The prevention or detection of crime;
- The assessment of any tax or duty;
- Where the processing is necessary to exercise a right or obligation conferred or imposed by law upon the School.

The above are examples only of some of the exemptions under the Act. Any further information on exemptions should be sought from Kirstie Allen, Data Manager (Data Protection Co-ordinator).

Headline responsibilities of all staff

Record-keeping

It is important that personal data held by the School is accurate, fair and adequate. Staff are required to inform the School if they believe that *any* personal data is inaccurate or untrue or if you are dissatisfied with how it is recorded. This applies to how staff record their own data, and the personal data of others – in particular colleagues, pupils and their parents – in a way that is professional and appropriate. Information on School business (notably in emails and notes) digitally or in hard copy files may have the right to see that information. This absolutely must not discourage staff from recording necessary and sometimes difficult records of incidents or conversations involving colleagues or pupils, in

Staff should be aware of the rights set out below, whereby any individuals about whom they record in accordance with the School's other policies, and grounds may sometimes exist to withhold these from such requests. However, the starting position for staff is to record every document or email in a form they would be prepared to stand by should the person about whom it was recorded ask to see it.

Data handling

All staff have a responsibility to handle the personal data which they come into contact with fairly, lawfully, responsibly and securely and in accordance with the **staff handbook** and all relevant School policies and procedures (to the extent applicable to them). In particular, there are data protection implications across a number of areas of the School's wider responsibilities such as safeguarding and IT security, so all staff should read and comply with the following policies:

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

- E-safety Policy; which includes
 - Acceptable use Policy for Staff (appendix A);
- Taking, Storing and Using Images of Children
- EYFS acceptable use of mobile phones, cameras and recording devices
- Social Media for Staff Policy
- Remote Working Policy
- *[Insert list of policies as applicable, particularly in respect of safeguarding, social media, acceptable IT use/security, photography, remote working etc]*

Responsible processing also extends to the creation and generation of new personal data / records, as above, which should always be done fairly, lawfully, responsibly and securely.

Avoiding, mitigating and reporting data breaches

One of the key obligations contained in the UK GDPR is on reporting personal data breaches. Data controllers must report certain types of personal data breach (those which risk an impact to individuals) to the ICO within 72 hours.

In addition, data controllers must notify individuals affected if the breach is likely to result in a "high risk" to their rights and freedoms. In any event, the School must keep a record of any personal data breaches, regardless of whether we need to notify the ICO. If staff become aware of a personal data breach they must notify **Kirstie Allen, Data Manager (Data Protection Co-ordinator)**. If staff are in any doubt as to whether to report something internally, it is always best to do so. A personal data breach may be serious, or it may be minor; and it may involve fault or not; but the School always needs to know about them to make a decision.

As stated above, the School may not need to treat the incident itself as a disciplinary matter – but a failure to report could result in significant exposure for the School, and for those affected, and could be a serious disciplinary matter whether under this policy or the applicable staff member's contract.

Care and data security

More generally, we require all School staff (and expect all our contractors) to remain mindful of the data protection principles (see section 3 above), and to use their best efforts to comply with those principles whenever they process personal information. Data security is not simply an online or digital issue but one that affects daily processes: filing and sending correspondence, notably hard copy documents. Data handlers should always consider what the most assured and secure means of delivery is, and what the consequences would be of loss or unauthorised access.

We expect all those with management / leadership responsibilities to be particular champions of these principles and to oversee the swift reporting of any concerns about how personal information is used by the School to **Kirstie Allen, Data Manager (Data Protection Co-ordinator)**, and to identify the need for (and implement) regular staff training. Staff must attend any training we require them to.

Rights of Individuals

In addition to the School's responsibilities when processing personal data, individuals have certain specific rights, perhaps most significantly that of access to their personal data held by a data controller (i.e. the School). This is known as the 'subject access right' (or the right to make 'subject access requests'). Such a request must be dealt with promptly and does not need any formality, nor to refer to the correct legislation. If you become aware of a subject access request (or indeed any communication

from an individual about their personal data), you must tell **Kirstie Allen, Data Manager (Data Protection Co-ordinator)** as soon as possible.

Individuals also have legal rights to: require us to correct the personal data we hold about them if it is inaccurate;

- request that we erase their personal data (in certain circumstances);
- request that we restrict our data processing activities (in certain circumstances);
- receive from us the personal data we hold about them for the purpose of transmitting it in a commonly used format to another data controller; and
- object, on grounds relating to their particular situation, to any of our particular processing activities where the individual feels this has a disproportionate impact on them.

None of the above rights for individuals are unqualified and exceptions may well apply. However, certain rights are absolute and must be respected, specifically the right to:

- object to automated individual decision-making, including profiling (i.e. where a significant decision is made about the individual without human intervention);
- object to direct marketing; and
- withdraw one's consent where we are relying on it for processing their personal data (without affecting the lawfulness of processing carried out prior to that point in reliance on consent, or of any processing carried out on some other legal basis other than consent).

In any event, however, if you receive a request from an individual who is purporting to exercise one or more of their data protection rights, you must tell **Kirstie Allen, Data Manager (Data Protection Co-ordinator)** as soon as possible.

Data Security: online and digital

The School must ensure that appropriate security measures are taken against unlawful or unauthorised processing of personal data, and against the accidental loss of, or damage to, personal data. **As such the following should be followed:**

- No member of staff is permitted to remove personal data from School premises, whether in paper or electronic form and wherever stored, without prior consent of [the Head or Bursar].
- [No member of staff should provide personal data of pupils or parents to third parties, including a volunteer or contractor, unless there is a lawful reason to do so.]
- [Where a worker is permitted to take data offsite on memory sticks or personal devices it will need to be encrypted.]
- [Use of personal email accounts or [unencrypted] personal devices by [governors/trustees] or staff for official School business is not permitted.]

Processing of Financial/Credit Card Data

The School complies with the requirements of the **PCI Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)**. Staff who are required to process credit card data must ensure that they are aware of and comply with the most up to date **PCI DSS** requirements. If you are unsure in this regard please seek further guidance from the **[Bursar/Finance Manager?]**. Other categories of financial information, including bank details and salary, or information commonly used in identity theft (such as national insurance numbers or passport details) may not be treated as legally sensitive but can have material impact on individuals and should be handled accordingly.

Summary/Policy Statement

It is in everyone's interests to get data protection right and to think carefully about data protection issues: this means handling all personal information with which you come into contact fairly, lawfully, securely and responsibly.

A good rule of thumb here is to ask yourself questions such as:

- Would I be happy if my own personal information were being used (for example, shared with a third party) in the way I am proposing? Would I expect it?
- Would I wish to stand by how I have recorded this information in an email or official record if the person concerned was able to see it?
- What would be the consequences of my losing or misdirecting this personal data?

Data protection law is therefore best seen not as oppressive red tape, or a reason not to do something necessary or important, but a code of useful and sensible checks and balances to improve how handle and record personal information and manage our relationships with people. This is an important part of *the School's culture and all its staff and representatives need to be mindful of it.*"

Rights of Pupils

Pupils can make subject access requests for their own personal data, provided that, in the reasonable opinion of the School, they have sufficient maturity to understand the request they are making. Pupils aged 12 or over are generally assumed to have this level of maturity, although this will depend on both the child and the personal data requested. All subject access requests from pupils will therefore be considered on a case by case basis.

In general, the School will assume that pupils consent to disclosure of their personal data to their parents, e.g. for the purposes of keeping parents informed about the pupil's activities, progress and behaviour, and in the interest of the pupil's welfare, unless, in the School's opinion, there is a good reason to do otherwise.

However, where a pupil seeks to raise concerns confidentially with a member of staff and expressly withholds their agreement to their personal data being disclosed to their parents, the School will maintain confidentiality unless it has reasonable grounds to believe that the pupil does not fully understand the consequences of withholding their consent, or where the School believes disclosure will be in the best interests of the pupil or other pupils.

Comments or Queries

Any comments or queries on this policy should be directed to the **Kirstie Allen Data Manager** (Data Protection Co-ordinator) using the following contact details *email: datamanager@rossall.org.uk postal address: FAO Data Protection Co-ordinator, Rossall School, Broadway, Fleetwood, FY7 8JW.*

Related Policies

- Record Keeping Policy (W16)
- EYFS acceptable use of mobile phones, cameras and recording devices
- Taking, Storing and Using Images of Children (W22)
- E-safety Policy; (W10) including
 - Acceptable use Policy for Staff (appendix A);
- Social Media policy for staff; (W11)

PENDING GOVERNOR APPROVAL

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy;(W06)
- Privacy Notice for Pupils, Parents, Guardians and Alumni (W17a)